THE REALITY OF PSYCHOSIS

BELIEF VS REALITY

FELTON INSTITUTE'S EARLY PSYCHOSIS SERVICES

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THERE IS HOPE AND A CHANCE FOR RECOVERY

- Psychosis affects approximately 3 out of every 100 people and can affect anyone, regardless of culture, race, economic status, sex, or ethnicity. The exact cause of psychosis is unknown, but genetics and environment can play roles in its development.

- While psychosis is most likely to be diagnosed in young adults, symptoms can occur at any age. The average age of onset for psychosis in men is in the late teens to early 20s, and for women, it is in the mid-20s to early 30s.

- Early identification and treatment are essential. With early access to compassionate care and effective treatment, recovery can be experienced more quickly, limiting possible severe disruptions to life.

However, many individuals face common barriers when seeking help, including the shame and stigma attached to mental illness.

It's essential to remember that there is hope and a chance for recovery; as Lady Gaga says, "There is a lot of shame attached to mental illness, but you must know that there is hope and a chance for recovery."

References:


BELIEF VS REALITY

UNHELPFUL BELIEFS ABOUT PSYCHOSIS

There are many unhelpful beliefs about psychosis and other mental health disorders that persist due to a lack of awareness and understanding of the facts and realities of mental health.

Below are some of the most common beliefs about psychosis, along with the actual facts:

**BELIEF**

People experiencing psychosis cannot recover and have everyday lives, jobs, or families.

**REALITY**

Research shows that when people with severe mental illnesses, such as bipolar disorder or schizophrenia, are treated with a combination of medications and effective therapy, they can and do get better. While there is currently no cure for schizophrenia, effective treatments work and help people lead productive, successful, and independent lives. Programs like (re)MIND®, BEAM, and BEAM UP® use the individual's personal goals to involve work, school, family, and relationships for meaningful recovery.

Reference: https://www.nimh.nih.gov/health/topics/schizophrenia#part_149866

**BELIEF**

People with severe mental illness, such as schizophrenia, are usually dangerous and violent.

**REALITY**

This belief is false. People with severe mental illness are no more likely to become violent than anyone else. Instead, they are more likely to be victims of violence from others. It is much more common for those suffering from psychosis to be frightened and confused than violent.

Reference: National Alliance on Mental Illness (NAMI), (2019). Mental health myths and facts. nami.org
Seeking treatment for a mental illness is not a sign of weakness. Just like any other medical condition affecting bodily organs, treatment is required to achieve recovery. Those seeking professional help show tremendous courage as they work to take back their lives.


Mental illness is a complex condition that is not caused by any single factor. Instead, many factors contribute to how our brains respond to extreme stress, including genetics, previous exposure to trauma, substance use, sleep, and other environmental and physical factors. Mental illnesses are part of the human condition and can affect anyone regardless of upbringing.


While the word "schizophrenia" means "split mind," the symptoms of psychosis, which include confusion, changes in behavior, and confusion with reality, should not be confused with dissociative identity disorder, which is a different disorder with different symptoms. With appropriate treatment, individuals with schizophrenia can learn to manage their symptoms and live fulfilling lives.

**BELIEF VS REALITY**

**UNHELPFUL BELIEFS ABOUT PSYCHOSIS**

**BELIEF**  
Substance use doesn't cause psychosis or worsen symptoms.

**REALITY**  
Substance use, such as cannabis, hallucinogens, and opioids, can directly contribute to the development of psychosis in youth and young adults. It is crucial to address substance use as part of treatment for psychosis and other mental illnesses.  

**BELIEF**  
You can't do anything for a loved one with psychosis.

**REALITY**  
Family and friends' support is essential to people who have psychosis. With respect and understanding, family and friends can help increase the chance of individuals getting into treatment, staying in treatment, and achieving recovery.  

**BELIEF**  
People starting to have unusual experiences or mild symptoms should ignore it, and it will go away.

**REALITY**  
Ignoring mental health problems will not make them go away. Early intervention makes a world of difference, especially in psychosis treatment. The longer the symptoms are left untreated, the greater the risk of severe life disruption. It is essential to seek help as soon as possible.  

**The good news is that there is hope and help available for both individuals who are currently experiencing psychosis or who may be at a higher risk of developing it through early intervention.**
EXPERIENCES & INSIGHTS
FROM INDIVIDUALS AFFECTED BY PSYCHOSIS

LIONEL ALDRIDGE

I was just a victim of schizophrenia... Once I accepted and cooperated with the treatment, I started to beat the illness.

LADY GAGA

There is a lot of shame attached to mental illness. You feel like something is wrong with you... but you can’t help it when in the morning, you wake up, you are so tired, you are so sad, you are so full of anxiety and the shakes that you can barely thinking... but opening up about mental health was like saying this is a part of me and that’s okay.

SELENA GOMEZ

I had to stop, cause I had everything, and I was absolutely broken inside. And I kept it all together enough to where I would never let you down. But I kept it too much together to where I let myself down... If you are broken, you don’t have to stay broken.

ELYN R. SAKS

BELIEVES THAT PEOPLE WITH THESE DISORDERS CAN LEAD FULL, HAPPY, PRODUCTIVE LIVES IF THEY HAVE THE RIGHT RESOURCES.

If you are a person with mental illness, the challenge is finding the life that’s right for you. But in truth, isn’t that the challenge for all of us, mentally ill or not? My good fortune is not that I’ve recovered from mental illness. I have not, nor will I ever. My good fortune lies in having found my life.
TOM HARDY
BELIEVES EVERYONE HAS A
CAULDRON OF PSYCHOSIS TO
UNRAVEL AS THEY GROW OLDER &
FIND THEIR PLACE IN THE WORLD.

"We're all flawed human beings, and we all have a
cauldron of psychosis which we have to unravel as
we grow older and find the way we fit in to live our
lives as best as possible."

JOHN NASH
THE NOBEL PRIZE-WINNING
MATHEMATICIAN WHO HAD
SCHIZOPHRENIA, ONCE
THOUGHT OF THE VOICES
HE HEARD AS SOMETHING
DIFFERENT FROM ALIENS.

"I thought of them more like angels....
It's my subconscious talking. It was really that...
I know that now."

CARRIE FISHER
WHO HAD BIPOLAR DISORDER,
BELIEVED THAT THE CONDITION
WAS NOT HER OVERRIDING IDENTITY
BUT SOMETHING SHE HAD.

"I don't want to be caught... ashamed of anything.
And because generally, someone who has bipolar
doesn't have just bipolar, they have bipolar, and
they have a life and a job and a kid and a hat and
parents, so it's not your overriding identity, it's just
something that you have, but not the only thing -
even if it's quite a big thing."

ADDITIONALLY, FISHER BELIEVED
MEDICATION WAS ESSENTIAL FOR
HER TO FUNCTION WORLDWIDE.

"Without medication, I would not be able to
function in this world. Medication has made me
a good mother, a good friend, a good daughter."

Remember, seeking help is the first step toward recovery.
With early intervention and effective treatment, people
with psychosis can lead fulfilling and productive lives.
FELTON'S EARLY PSYCHOSIS SERVICES PROGRAMS

A MAJOR GOAL OF EARLY PSYCHOSIS SERVICES IS THE FUNCTIONAL RECOVERY AND COMMUNITY INTEGRATION OF EMERGING ADULTS WITH FIRST EPISODE PSYCHOSIS.

OUR GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Our programs include dedicated supported education and vocational rehabilitation components so that many more young Americans will be encouraged and supported to enroll in institutions of higher education, including city and community colleges, four year universities, and graduate and professional programs and/or pursue competitive employment and start a successful career.

Need Support, or More Information?

Connect with your providers to see what options you have in your area.

You may also contact the Felton Early Psychosis programs (re)MIND®, BEAM, and BEAM UP® at talktoremind@felton.org, or online at: felton.org/early-psychosis for locations and program information.
The Felton Institute (re)MIND® early psychosis program delivers comprehensive treatment grounded in wellness, recovery and resilience to people experiencing early signs and symptoms of a psychotic disorder, as well as providing families the tools to support their loved ones in their recovery process.

Our mission is to transform the treatment and perception of psychosis – and by extension the lives of young people and their families – by intervening early with evidence-based, culturally responsive and rigorous diagnostic assessment and treatment, so that within five years of engaging in services most cases of psychosis are treated to remission.

FELTON.ORG/EARLY-PSYCHOSIS

TALKTOREMIND@FELTON.ORG